

## SECTION - B

## GENERAL KNOWLEDGE

26. Shuddhi movement was started by  
(A) Swami Vivekananda (B) Aurobindo Ghosh  
(C) Swami Dayanand Saraswati (D) Raja Rammohan Roy.
27. Sushil Kumar who won a Gold Medal at an international event is a famous  
(A) Wrestling Champion (B) Golf player  
(C) Weightlifter (D) Hockey player.
28. Which Sikh Guru laid the foundation of the city of Amritsar ?  
(A) Guru Nanak (B) Guru Ramdas  
(C) Guru Arjun Dev (D) Guru Gobind Singh.
29. The expansion of ASHA is  
(A) Accredited Social Health Activist  
(B) Acknowledged Social Health Activist  
(C) Accredited Scientific Health Activist  
(D) Accredited Special Health Activist.
30. Which of the following is contributing mainly to low income compliance ?  
(A) Large informal sector (B) Weak legal system  
(C) Ambiguity in tax laws (D) All of these.
31. Regional Rural Banks are sponsored by  
(A) RBI (B) NABARD  
(C) State Apex Co-Operative Bank (D) Nationalised Commercial Bank.

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32. 'Abuja' is the capital of
- (A) Nigeria (B) Kenya
- (C) Venezuela (D) Ecuador.
33. 'Click jacking' is
- (A) a device that sends and receives data in a bit second
- (B) malicious technique of tricking web users into revealing confidential information
- (C) a new form of computer engineering
- (D) a digital process that will display an image instantly.
34. Many a time we read a term 'PPP' in financial dailies/magazines. The full form of PPP is
- (A) Public Per-capita Power
- (B) Present Purchasing Power
- (C) Per-capita Potential Purchases
- (D) Purchasing Power Parity.
35. For calculation of poverty line in rural areas, which one of the following calorie consumptions per day per person has been stipulated by Planning Commission ?
- (A) 3000 (B) 2800
- (C) 2400 (D) 2100.
36. Which language was used in the literature of the Sangam period ?
- (A) Sanskrit (B) Tamil
- (C) Telugu (D) Kannada.

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37. Convertibility of Rupee implies
- (A) being able to convert Rupee into gold
  - (B) allowing the value of Rupee to be fixed by market forces
  - (C) freely permitting the conversion of Rupee to other major currencies and vice-versa
  - (D) developing an international market for currencies in India.
38. Which state is known as 'Soya bowl' of the country ?
- (A) Bihar
  - (B) Orissa
  - (C) Madhya Pradesh
  - (D) Uttar Pradesh.
39. Who was famous as "Tuti-i-Hind" ?
- (A) Sadi
  - (B) Firdausi
  - (C) Amir Khusru
  - (D) Alberuni.
40. The overall weight of the composite food index in the WPI is
- (A) 15.20 per cent
  - (B) 10.03 per cent
  - (C) 25.43 per cent
  - (D) 30.01 per cent.
41. The headquarters of W.T.O. is located at
- (A) Washington D.C.
  - (B) Geneva
  - (C) New Delhi
  - (D) The Hague.
42. Varahamihira was
- (A) a poet
  - (B) a musician
  - (C) an astronomer
  - (D) a grammarian.
43. The major source of revenue in India is through
- (A) Direct taxes
  - (B) Deficit financing
  - (C) International borrowings
  - (D) Indirect taxes.

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44. The largest Shiva temple at Tanjore was built by  
(A) Rajendra Chola (B) Raja Raja Chola  
(C) Chandelas (D) Rashtrakutas.
45. Dronacharya Award is given for excellence in  
(A) Archery (B) Coaching in sports  
(C) Literary work (D) Shooting.
46. The leader of Young Bengal movement was  
(A) Dwarkanath Tagore (B) Chandrashekhar Deb  
(C) Ishwar Chandra Vidyasagar (D) Henry Vivian Derozio.
47. The term 'Fiscal Crisis' in India currently refers primarily to  
(A) increase in non-developmental government expenditure  
(B) recurring deficit on current account in the government budget  
(C) phenomenal increase in external indebtedness  
(D) increase in public debt.
48. What is the percentage of lead in lead pencil ?  
(A) 0% (B) 20%  
(C) 25% (D) 60%.
49. During whose rule did the Ilbert Bill controversy take place ?  
(A) Lord Curzon (B) Lord Lytton  
(C) Lord Ripon (D) Lord Minto.
50. MOD VAT was introduced to achieve  
(I) encouraging the use of indigenous intermediate products  
(II) reducing the incidence of indirect taxes  
(III) simplifying the procedure for collecting indirect taxes  
(IV) integrating all indirect taxes into one coordinated tax.
- Of these*  
(A) I, II and III (B) II, III and IV  
(C) I, II and IV (D) All of these.

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